

/SU/FSI/MASTER/INFO/MU4IN503

APS

Formulaire *

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1 APS0

1.1 Syntaxe

Lexique

Symboles réservés

[] () ; : , * ->

Mots clef

CONST FUN REC

ECHO

if

bool int

Constantes numériques

num défini par ('-'?)[0'-9']+

Identificateurs

ident défini par ($[a'-z"A'-Z']([a'-z"A'-Z"0'-9']^*)$)

dont on exclut les mots clef.

Remarque : les symboles d'opérateurs primitifs

true false not and or eq lt add sub mul div

sont des identificateurs.

Grammaire

Programme

PROG ::= [CMDS]

Suite de commandes

CMDS ::= STAT
| DEF ; CMDS

Définition

DEF ::= CONST ident TYPE EXPR
| FUN ident TYPE [ARGS] EXPR
| FUN REC ident TYPE [ARGS] EXPR

*Que W.S. soit remercié pour sa relecture attentive.

Type

$\text{TYPE} ::= \text{bool} \mid \text{int}$
 | $(\text{TYPES} \rightarrow \text{TYPE})$
 $\text{TYPES} ::= \text{TYPE}$
 | $\text{TYPE} * \text{TYPES}$

Paramètre formel

$\text{ARGS} ::= \text{ARG}$
 | ARG , ARGS
 $\text{ARG} ::= \text{ident} : \text{TYPE}$

Instruction

$\text{STAT} ::= \text{ECHO} \text{EXPR}$

Expression

$\text{EXPR} ::= \text{num}$
 | ident
 | $(\text{if} \text{EXPR} \text{EXPR} \text{EXPR})$
 | $(\text{EXPR} \text{EXPRS})$
 | $[\text{ARGS}] \text{EXPR}$

Suite d'expressions

$\text{EXPRS} ::= \text{EXPR}$
 | $\text{EXPR} \text{EXPRS}$

1.2 Typage

Contexte initial

$\Gamma_0(\text{true}) = \text{bool}$
 $\Gamma_0(\text{false}) = \text{bool}$
 $\Gamma_0(\text{not}) = \text{bool} \rightarrow \text{bool}$
 $\Gamma_0(\text{and}) = \text{bool} * \text{bool} \rightarrow \text{bool}$
 $\Gamma_0(\text{or}) = \text{bool} * \text{bool} \rightarrow \text{bool}$
 $\Gamma_0(\text{eq}) = \text{int} * \text{int} \rightarrow \text{bool}$
 $\Gamma_0(\text{lt}) = \text{int} * \text{int} \rightarrow \text{bool}$
 $\Gamma_0(\text{add}) = \text{int} * \text{int} \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $\Gamma_0(\text{sub}) = \text{int} * \text{int} \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $\Gamma_0(\text{mul}) = \text{int} * \text{int} \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $\Gamma_0(\text{div}) = \text{int} * \text{int} \rightarrow \text{int}$

Programmes

$\vdash [cs] : \text{void}$

(PROG) si $\Gamma_0 \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (cs; \varepsilon) : \text{void}$
alors $\vdash [cs] : \text{void}$

Suite de commandes

$\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs : \text{void}$

(DECS) si $d \in \text{DEC}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} d : \Gamma'$, si $\Gamma' \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs : \text{void}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (d; cs) : \text{void}$.

(STAT) si $s \in \text{STAT}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s : \text{void}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs : \text{void}$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (s; cs) : \text{void}$.
 (END) $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} \varepsilon : \text{void}$.

Définitions

$$\Gamma \vdash d : \Gamma'$$

(CONST) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{CONST } x \ t \ e) : \Gamma[x : t]$
 (FUN) si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n] \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN } x \ t \ [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] \ e) : \Gamma[x : (t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t)]$
 (FUNREC) si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n; x : t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t] \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN REC } x \ t \ [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] \ e) : \Gamma[x : t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t]$

Intruction

$$\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s : \text{void}$$

(ECHO) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : \text{int}$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{ECHO } e) : \text{void}$

Expressions

$$\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$$

(NUM) si $n \in \text{num}$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} n : \text{int}$
 (ID) si $x \in \text{ident}$, si $\Gamma(x) = t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} x : t$
 (IF) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : \text{bool}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 : t$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_3 : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{if } e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3) : t$
 (APP) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : (t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t)$,
 si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : t_1, \dots$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n : t_n$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (e \ e_1 \dots e_n) : t$
 (ABS) si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n] \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] e : (t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t)$

1.3 Sémantique

Fonctions primitives

$$\begin{aligned}
\pi_1(\mathbf{not})(0) &= 1 \\
\pi_1(\mathbf{not})(1) &= 0 \\
\pi_2(\mathbf{eq})(n_1, n_2) &= 1 && \text{si } n_1 = n_2 \\
&= 0 && \text{sinon} \\
\pi_2(\mathbf{lt})(n_1, n_2) &= 1 && \text{si } n_1 < n_2 \\
&= 0 && \text{sinon} \\
\pi_2(\mathbf{add})(n_1, n_2) &= n_1 + n_2 \\
\pi_2(\mathbf{sub})(n_1, n_2) &= n_1 - n_2 \\
\pi_2(\mathbf{mul})(n_1, n_2) &= n_1 \times n_2 \\
\pi_2(\mathbf{div})(n_1, n_2) &= n_1 \div n_2
\end{aligned}$$

Programmes

$$\vdash [cs] \rightsquigarrow \omega$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(\text{PROG}) \text{ si } \varepsilon, \varepsilon \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (cs; \varepsilon) \rightsquigarrow \omega \\
\text{alors } \vdash [cs] \rightsquigarrow \omega
\end{aligned}$$

Suites de commandes

$$\rho, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs \rightsquigarrow \omega'$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(\text{DECS}) \text{ si } \rho \vdash_{\text{DEC}} d \rightsquigarrow \rho' \text{ et si } \rho', \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs \rightsquigarrow \omega' \\
\text{alors } \rho, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (d; cs) \rightsquigarrow \omega' \\
(\text{STATS}) \text{ si } \rho, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s \rightsquigarrow \omega' \text{ et si } \rho, \omega' \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs \rightsquigarrow \omega'' \\
\text{alors } \rho, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (s; cs) \rightsquigarrow \omega'' \\
(\text{END}) \rho, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} \varepsilon \rightsquigarrow \omega
\end{aligned}$$

Définitions

$$\rho \vdash_{\text{DEC}} d \rightsquigarrow \rho'$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(\text{CONST}) \text{ si } \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow v \\
\text{alors } \rho \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\mathbf{CONST } x \ t \ e) \rightsquigarrow \rho[x = v] \\
(\text{FUN}) \rho \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\mathbf{FUN } x \ t \ [x_1:t_1, \dots, x_n:t_n] \ e) \rightsquigarrow \rho[x = \text{inF}(e, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n])] \\
(\text{FUNREC}) \rho \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\mathbf{FUN REC } x \ t \ [x_1:t_1, \dots, x_n:t_n] \ e) \\
\rightsquigarrow \rho[x = \text{inFR}(\lambda f. \text{inF}(e, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n][x = f])]
\end{aligned}$$

Instruction

$$\rho, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s \rightsquigarrow \omega'$$

$$\begin{aligned}
(\text{ECHO}) \text{ si } \rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(n) \\
\text{alors } \rho, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\mathbf{ECHO } e) \rightsquigarrow (n \cdot \omega)
\end{aligned}$$

Expressions

$$\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow v$$

- (TRUE) $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} \mathbf{true} \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(1)$
- (FALSE) $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} \mathbf{false} \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(0)$
- (NUM) si $n \in \mathbf{num}$ alors $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} n \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(v(n))$
- (ID) si $x \in \mathbf{ident}$ et $\rho(x) = v$
alors $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} x \rightsquigarrow v$
- (PRIM1) si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(n)$, et si $\pi_1(\mathbf{not})(n) = n'$
alors $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{not} e) \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(n')$
- (PRIM2) si $x \in \{\mathbf{eq} \ \mathbf{lt} \ \mathbf{add} \ \mathbf{sub} \ \mathbf{mul} \ \mathbf{div}\}$,
si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(n_1)$, si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(n_2)$ et si $\pi_2(x)(n_1, n_2) = n$
alors $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (x \ e_1 \ e_2) \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(n)$
- (AND1) si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(1)$ et si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{and} \ e_1 \ e_2) \rightsquigarrow v$.
- (AND0) si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(0)$
alors $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{and} \ e_1 \ e_2) \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(0)$.
- (OR1) si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(1)$
alors $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{or} \ e_1 \ e_2) \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(1)$.
- (OR0) si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(0)$ et si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{or} \ e_1 \ e_2) \rightsquigarrow v$.
- (IF1) si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(1)$ et si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{if} \ e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3) \rightsquigarrow v$
- (IF0) si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(0)$ et si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_3 \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{if} \ e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3) \rightsquigarrow v$
- (ABS) $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} [x_1:t_1, \dots, x_n:t_n]e \rightsquigarrow \text{inF}(e, \lambda v_1, \dots, v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n])$
- (APP) si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow \text{inF}(e', r)$, si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow v_1, \dots$, si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow v_n$,
si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et si $\rho' \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e' \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho \vdash (e \ e_1 \ \dots \ e_n) \rightsquigarrow v$
- (APPR) si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow \text{inFR}(\varphi)$, si $\varphi(\text{inFR}(\varphi)) = \text{inF}(e', r)$,
si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow v_1, \dots$, si $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow v_n$,
si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et si $\rho' \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e' \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (e \ e_1 \ \dots \ e_n) \rightsquigarrow v$

2 APS1

2.1 Syntaxe

Lexique

Symboles réservés

[] () ; : , * ->

Mots clef

CONST FUN REC VAR PROC
ECHO SET IF WHILE CALL
if
bool int

Constantes numériques

num défini par $([0-9]^+)$

Identificateurs

ident défini par $([a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]^+)$
dont on exclut les mots clef.

Remarque : les symboles d'opérateurs primitifs

not and or eq lt add sub mul div

sont des identificateurs.

Grammaire

Programme

PROG ::= BLOCK

Bloc

BLOCK ::= [CMDS]

Suite de commandes

CMDS ::= STAT
| DEF ; CMDS
| STAT ; CMDS

Définition

DEF ::= CONST ident TYPE EXPR
| FUN ident TYPE [ARGS] EXPR
| FUN REC ident TYPE [ARGS] EXPR
| VAR ident TYPE
| PROC ident [ARGS] BLOCK
| PROC REC ident [ARGS] BLOCK

Type

TYPE ::= bool | int
| (TYPES -> TYPE)
TYPES ::= TYPE
| TYPE * TYPES

Paramètre formel

ARGS ::= ARG
| ARG , ARGS
ARG ::= ident : TYPE

Instruction

STAT ::= ECHO EXPR
| SET ident EXPR
| IF EXPR BLOCK BLOCK
| WHILE EXPR BLOCK
| CALL ident EXPRS

Expression

EXPR ::= num
| ident
| (if EXPR EXPR EXPR)
| (EXPR EXPRS)
| [ARGS] EXPR

Suite d'expressions

EXPRS ::= EXPR
| EXPR EXPRS

2.2 Typage

Programmes

(PROG) si $\Gamma_0 \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk : \text{void}$
alors $\vdash bk : \text{void}$

Blocs

(BLOC) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} (cs; \varepsilon) : \text{void}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} [cs] : \text{void}$

Suite de commandes

(DECS) si $d \in \text{DEC}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} d : \Gamma'$, si $\Gamma' \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} cs : \text{void}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} (d; cs) : \text{void}$.

(STATS) si $s \in \text{STAT}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s : \text{void}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} cs : \text{void}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} (s; cs) : \text{void}$.

(END) $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} \varepsilon : \text{void}$.

Définitions

(CONST) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{CONST } x \ t \ e) : \Gamma[x : t]$

(FUN) si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n] \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN } x \ t \ [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] \ e) : \Gamma[x : (t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t)]$

(FUNREC) si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n; x : t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t] \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN REC } x \ t \ [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] \ e) : \Gamma[x : t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t]$

(VAR) si $t \in \{\text{int}, \text{bool}\}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{VAR } x \ t) : \Gamma[x : t]$

(PROC) si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n] \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk : \text{void}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{PROC } x \ [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] \ bk) : \Gamma[x : t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow \text{void}]$

(PROCREC)
si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n; x : t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow \text{void}] \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk : \text{void}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{PROC REC } x \ [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] \ bk) : \Gamma[x : t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow \text{void}]$

Intructions

(ECHO) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : \text{int}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{ECHO } e) : \text{void}$

(SET) si $\Gamma(x) = t$ et si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{SET } x \ e) : \text{void}$

(IF) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : \text{bool}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_1 : \text{void}$ et si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_2 : \text{void}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{IF } e \ bk_1 \ bk_2) : \text{void}$

(WHILE) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : \text{bool}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk : \text{void}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{WHILE } e \ bk) : \text{void}$

(CALL) si $\Gamma(x) = t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow \text{void}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : t_1, \dots$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n : t_n$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{CALL } x \ e_1 \dots e_n) : \text{void}$

Expressions

- (NUM) si $n \in \mathbf{num}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} n : \mathbf{int}$
- (ID) si $x \in \mathbf{ident}$, si $\Gamma(x) = t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} x : t$
- (IF) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : \mathbf{bool}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 : t$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_3 : t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{if} \ e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3) : t$
- (APP) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : (t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t)$,
si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : t_1, \dots$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n : t_n$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (e \ e_1 \dots e_n) : t$
- (ABS) si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n] \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] e : (t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t)$

2.3 Sémantique

Programmes

$$\vdash p \rightsquigarrow (\sigma, \omega)$$

- (PROG) si $\varepsilon, \varepsilon, \varepsilon \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow \omega$
alors $\vdash bk \rightsquigarrow (\sigma, \omega)$

Blocs

$$\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$$

- BLOCK si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (cs; \varepsilon) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} [cs] \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$.

Suites de commandes

$$\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$$

- (DECS) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} d \rightsquigarrow (\rho', \sigma')$ et si $\rho', \sigma', \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (d; cs) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega')$
- (STATS) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$ et si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega'')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (s; cs) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega'')$
- (END) $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} \varepsilon \rightsquigarrow (\sigma, \omega)$

Définitions

$$\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} d \rightsquigarrow (\rho', \sigma')$$

- (CONST) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\mathbf{CONST} \ x \ t \ e) \rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = v], \sigma)$
- (FUN) $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\mathbf{FUN} \ x \ t \ [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] \ e) \rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \mathit{inF}(e, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n]), \sigma])$
- (FUNREC) $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\mathbf{FUN} \ \mathbf{REC} \ x \ t \ [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] \ e)$
 $\rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \mathit{inFR}(\lambda f. \mathit{inF}(e, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n][x = f]), \sigma)])$

- (VAR) si $alloc(\sigma) = (a, \sigma')$, avec $\sigma' = \sigma[a = any]$ et $a \notin \text{dom}(\sigma)$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{VAR } x \ t) \rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = inA(a)], \sigma')$
- (PROC) $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{PROC } x \ t \ [x_1:t_1, \dots, x_n:t_n] \ bk)$
 $\rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = inP(bk, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n])], \sigma)$
- (PROCREC) $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{PROC REC } x \ t \ [x_1:t_1, \dots, x_n:t_n] \ bk)$
 $\rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = inPR(\lambda f. inP(bk, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n][x = f])], \sigma)$

Instructions

$$\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$$

- (SET) si $\rho(x) = inA(a)$ et si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{SET } x \ e) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma[a := v], \omega)$
- (IF1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow inZ(1)$ et si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_1 \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{IF } e \ bk_1 \ bk_2) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
- (IF0) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow inZ(0)$ et si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_2 \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{IF } e \ bk_1 \ bk_2) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
- (LOOP0) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow inZ(0)$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{WHILE } e \ bk) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma, \omega)$
- (LOOP1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow inZ(1)$, si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$ et si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{WHILE } e \ bk) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega'')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{WHILE } e \ bk) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega'')$
- (CALL) si $\rho(x) = inP(bk, r)$, si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow v_1, \dots$, si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow v_n$
si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et $\rho', \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{CALL } x \ e_1 \dots e_n) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
- (CALLR) si $\rho(x) = inPR(\varphi)$, si $\varphi(inPR(\varphi)) = inP(bk, r)$, si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow v_1, \dots$, si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow v_n$
et si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et $\rho', \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{CALL } x \ e_1 \dots e_n) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
- (ECHO) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow inZ(n)$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{ECHO } e) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma, n \cdot \omega)$

Expressions

$$\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow v$$

- (TRUE) $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} \text{true} \rightsquigarrow inZ(1)$
- (FALSE) $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} \text{false} \rightsquigarrow inZ(0)$
- (NUM) si $n \in \text{num}$ alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} n \rightsquigarrow inZ(\nu(n))$
- (ID1) si $\rho(x) = inA(a)$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} x \rightsquigarrow inZ(\sigma(a))$
- (ID2) si $\rho(x) = v$ et $v \neq inA(a)$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow v$
- (PRIM1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow inZ(n)$, et si $\pi_1(\text{not})(n) = n'$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{not } e) \rightsquigarrow inZ(n')$
- (PRIM2) si $x \in \{\text{eq lt add sub mul div}\}$,
si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow inZ(n_1)$, si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow inZ(n_2)$ et si $\pi_2(x)(n_1, n_2) = n$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (x \ e_1 \ e_2) \rightsquigarrow inZ(n)$

- (AND1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(1)$ et si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{and } e_1 e_2) \rightsquigarrow v$.
- (AND0) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(0)$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{and } e_1 e_2) \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(0)$.
- (OR1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(1)$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{or } e_1 e_2) \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(1)$.
- (OR0) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(0)$ et si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{or } e_1 e_2) \rightsquigarrow v$.
- (IF1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(1)$ et si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{if } e_1 e_2 e_3) \rightsquigarrow v$
- (IF0) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(0)$ et si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_3 \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{if } e_1 e_2 e_3) \rightsquigarrow v$
- (ABS) $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} [x_1:t_1, \dots, x_n:t_n]e \rightsquigarrow \text{inF}(e, \lambda v_1, \dots, v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n])$
- (APP) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow \text{inF}(e', r)$, si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow v_1, \dots, \rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow v_n$,
si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et si $\rho', \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e' \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash (e e_1 \dots e_n) \rightsquigarrow v$
- (APPR) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow \text{inFR}(\varphi)$, si $\varphi(\text{inFR}(\varphi)) = \text{inF}(e', r)$,
si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow v_1, \dots, \rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow v_n$,
si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et si $\rho', \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e' \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (e e_1 \dots e_n) \rightsquigarrow v$

3 APS1a

3.1 Syntaxe

Lexique

Symboles réservés

[] () ; : , * ->

Mots clef

CONST FUN REC VAR PROC ECHO SET IF WHILE CALL
if
bool int
var adr

Constantes numériques

num défini par ('?')[0'-9']+

Identificateurs

ident défini par ([a'-z"A'-Z'])([a'-z"A'-Z"0'-9'])*
dont on exclut les mots clef.

Remarque : les symboles d'opérateurs primitifs

not and or eq lt add sub mul div

sont des identificateurs.

Grammaire

Programme

PROG ::= BLOCK

Bloc

BLOCK ::= [CMDS]

Suite de commandes

CMDS ::= STAT
| DEF ; CMDS
| STAT ; CMDS

Définition

DEF ::= CONST ident TYPE EXPR
| FUN ident TYPE [ARGS] EXPR
| FUN REC ident TYPE [ARGS] EXPR
| VAR ident TYPE
| PROC ident [ARGSP] BLOCK
| PROC REC ident [ARGSP] BLOCK

Type

TYPE ::= bool | int
| (TYPES -> TYPE)
TYPES ::= TYPE
| TYPE * TYPES

Paramètre formel (fonctions)

ARGS ::= ARG
| ARG , ARGS
ARG ::= ident : TYPE

Paramètre formel (procédure)

ARGSP ::= ARGP
| ARGP , ARGSP
ARGP ::= ident : TYPE
| var ident : TYPE

Instruction

STAT ::= ECHO EXPR
| SET ident EXPR
| IF EXPR BLOCK BLOCK
| WHILE EXPR BLOCK
| CALL ident EXPRSP

Paramètres d'appel

EXPRSP ::= EXPRP
| EXPRP EXPRSP
EXPRP ::= EXPR
| (adr ident)

Expression

EXPR ::= num
| ident
| (if EXPR EXPR EXPR)
| (EXPR EXPRS)
| [ARGS] EXPR

Suite d'expressions

EXPRS ::= EXPR
| EXPR EXPRS

3.2 Typage

Soit $p_1, \dots, p_n \in \text{ARGSP}$.
 Posons $A([p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n]) = [x_1 : t'_1, \dots, x_n : t'_n]$ avec

$$t'_i = \begin{cases} t_i & \text{si } p_i = x_i \\ (\text{ref } t_i) & \text{si } p_i = \text{var } x_i \end{cases}$$

Programmes

(PROG) si $\Gamma_0 \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk : \text{void}$
 alors $\vdash bk : \text{void}$

Blocs

(BLOC) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} (cs; \varepsilon) : \text{void}$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} [cs] : \text{void}$

Suite de commandes

(DECS) si $d \in \text{DEC}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} d : \Gamma'$, si $\Gamma' \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} cs : \text{void}$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} (d; cs) : \text{void}$.
 (STATS) si $s \in \text{STAT}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s : \text{void}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} cs : \text{void}$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} (s; cs) : \text{void}$.
 (END) $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} \varepsilon : \text{void}$.

Définitions

(CONST) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{CONST } x \ t \ e) : \Gamma[x : t]$
 (FUN) si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n] \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN } x \ t \ [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] \ e) : \Gamma[x : (t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t)]$
 (FUNREC) si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n; x : t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t] \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN REC } x \ t \ [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] \ e) : \Gamma[x : t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t]$
 (VAR) si $t \in \{\text{int}, \text{bool}\}$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{VAR } x \ t) : \Gamma[x : (\text{ref } t)]$
 (PROC) si $A([p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n]) = [x_1 : t'_1, \dots, x_n : t'_n]$
 si $\Gamma[x_1 : t'_1; \dots; x_n : t'_n] \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk : \text{void}$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{PROC } x \ [p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n] \ bk) : \Gamma[x : t'_1 * \dots * t'_n \rightarrow \text{void}]$
 (PROCREC)
 si $A([p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n]) = [x_1 : t'_1, \dots, x_n : t'_n]$
 si $\Gamma[x_1 : t'_1; \dots; x_n : t'_n; x : t'_1 * \dots * t'_n \rightarrow \text{void}] \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk : \text{void}$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{PROC REC } x \ [p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n] \ bk) : \Gamma[x : t'_1 * \dots * t'_n \rightarrow \text{void}]$

Intructions

(ECHO) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : \text{int}$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{ECHO } e) : \text{void}$
 (SET) si $\Gamma(x) = (\text{ref } t)$ et si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{SET } x \ e) : \text{void}$
 (IF) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : \text{bool}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_1 : \text{void}$ et si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_2 : \text{void}$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{IF } e \ bk_1 \ bk_2) : \text{void}$

- (WHILE) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : \text{bool}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk : \text{void}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{WHILE } e \text{ } bk) : \text{void}$
- (CALL) si $\Gamma(x) = t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow \text{void}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : t_1, \dots$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n : t_n$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{CALL } x \ e_1 \dots e_n) : \text{void}$

3.3 Paramètres d'appel

- (REF) si $\Gamma(x) = (\text{ref } t)$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{adr } x) : (\text{ref } t)$
- (VAL) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$

Expressions

- (NUM) si $n \in \text{num}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} n : \text{int}$
- (IDV) si $x \in \text{ident}$, si $\Gamma(x) = t$ avec $t \neq (\text{ref } t')$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} x : t$
- (IDR) si $x \in \text{ident}$,
si $\Gamma(x) = (\text{ref } t)$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} x : t$
- (IF) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : \text{bool}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 : t$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_3 : t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{if } e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3) : t$
- (APP) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : (t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t)$,
si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : t_1, \dots$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n : t_n$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (e \ e_1 \dots e_n) : t$
- (ABS) si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n] \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n]e : (t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t)$

3.4 Sémantique

Programmes

- (PROG) si $\varepsilon, \varepsilon \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow \omega$
alors $\vdash bk \rightsquigarrow (\sigma, \omega)$

Blocs

- BLOCK si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (cs; \varepsilon) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} [cs] \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$.

Suites de commandes

- (DECS) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} d \rightsquigarrow (\rho', \sigma')$ et si $\rho', \sigma', \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (d; cs) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega')$
- (STATS) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$ et si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega'')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (s; cs) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega'')$
- (END) $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} \varepsilon \rightsquigarrow (\sigma, \omega)$

Définitions

Soit $p_1, \dots, p_n \in \text{ARGSP}$.
 Posons $X([p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n]) = [x_1, \dots, x_n]$ avec

$$x_i = \begin{cases} x_i & \text{si } p_i = x_i \\ x_i & \text{si } p_i = \text{var } x_i \end{cases}$$

- (CONST) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow v$
 alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{CONST } x \ t \ e) \rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = v], \sigma)$
- (FUN) $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN } x \ t \ [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] \ e) \rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \text{inF}(e, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n]), \sigma)$
- (FUNREC) $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN REC } x \ t \ [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] \ e)$
 $\rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \text{inFR}(\lambda f. \text{inF}(e, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n][x = f]), \sigma)$
- (VAR) si $\text{alloc}(\sigma) = (a, \sigma')$, avec $\sigma' = \sigma[a = \text{any}]$ et $a \notin \text{dom}(\sigma)$
 alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{VAR } x \ t) \rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \text{inA}(a)], \sigma')$
- (PROC) si $X([p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n]) = [x_1, \dots, x_n]$,
 $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{PROC } x \ t \ [p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n] \ bk)$
 $\rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \text{inP}(bk, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n]), \sigma)$
- (PROCREC) si $X([p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n]) = [x_1, \dots, x_n]$,
 $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{PROC REC } x \ t \ [p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n] \ bk)$
 $\rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \text{inPR}(\lambda f. \text{inP}(bk, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n][x = f]), \sigma)$

Instructions

- (SET) si $\rho(x) = \text{inA}(a)$ et si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow v$
 alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{SET } x \ e) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma[a := v], \omega)$
- (IF1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(1)$ et si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_1 \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
 alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{IF } e \ bk_1 \ bk_2) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
- (IF0) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(0)$ et si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_2 \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
 alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{IF } e \ bk_1 \ bk_2) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
- (LOOP0) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(0)$
 alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{WHILE } e \ bk) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma, \omega)$
- (LOOP1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(1)$, si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$ et si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{WHILE } e \ bk) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega'')$
 alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{WHILE } e \ bk) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega'')$
- (CALL) si $\rho(x) = \text{inP}(bk, r)$, si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow v_1, \dots$, si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow v_n$
 si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et $\rho', \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
 alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash (\text{CALL } x \ e_1 \dots e_n) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
- (CALLR) si $\rho(x) = \text{inPR}(\varphi)$, si $\varphi(\text{inPR}(\varphi)) = \text{inP}(bk, r)$, si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow v_1, \dots$, si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow v_n$
 et si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et $\rho', \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
 alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash (\text{CALL } x \ e_1 \dots e_n) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
- (ECHO) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(n)$
 alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{ECHO } e) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma, n \cdot \omega)$

Paramètres d'appel

- (REF) si $\rho(x) = \text{inA}(a)$
 alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} (\text{adr } x) \rightsquigarrow \text{inA}(a)$
- (VAL) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow v$
 alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e \rightsquigarrow v$

Expressions

- (TRUE) $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} \mathbf{true} \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(1)$
- (FALSE) $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} \mathbf{false} \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(0)$
- (NUM) si $n \in \mathbf{num}$ alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} n \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(\nu(n))$
- (ID1) si $\rho(x) = \text{inA}(a)$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} x \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(\sigma(a))$
- (ID2) si $\rho(x) = v$ et $v \neq \text{inA}(a)$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow v$
- (PRIM1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(n)$, et si $\pi_1(\text{not})(n) = n'$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{not} \ e) \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(n')$
- (PRIM2) si $x \in \{\mathbf{eq} \ \mathbf{lt} \ \mathbf{add} \ \mathbf{sub} \ \mathbf{mul} \ \mathbf{div}\}$,
si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(n_1)$, si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(n_2)$ et si $\pi_2(x)(n_1, n_2) = n$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (x \ e_1 e_2) \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(n)$
- (AND0) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(0)$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{and} \ e_1 \ e_2) \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(0)$.
- (AND1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(1)$ et si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{and} \ e_1 \ e_2) \rightsquigarrow v$.
- (OR1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(1)$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{or} \ e_1 \ e_2) \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(1)$.
- (OR0) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(0)$ et si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{or} \ e_1 \ e_2) \rightsquigarrow v$.
- (IF1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(1)$ et si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{if} \ e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3) \rightsquigarrow v$
- (IF0) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow \text{inZ}(0)$ et si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_3 \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{if} \ e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3) \rightsquigarrow v$
- (ABS) $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} [x_1:t_1, \dots, x_n:t_n]e \rightsquigarrow \text{inF}(e, \lambda v_1, \dots, v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n])$
- (APP) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow \text{inF}(e', r)$, si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow v_1, \dots$, si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow v_n$,
si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et si $\rho', \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e' \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash (e \ e_1 \dots e_n) \rightsquigarrow v$
- (APPR) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow \text{inFR}(\varphi)$, si $\varphi(\text{inFR}(\varphi)) = \text{inF}(e', r)$,
si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow v_1, \dots$, si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow v_n$, si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et si $\rho', \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e' \rightsquigarrow v$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (e \ e_1 \dots e_n) \rightsquigarrow v$

4 APS2

4.1 Syntaxe

Lexique

Symboles réservés

[] () ; : , * ->

Mots clef

CONST FUN REC VAR PROC
ECHO SET IF WHILE CALL
if
bool int vec
var adr

Constantes numériques

num défini par $(\text{'?'})[\text{'0'-'9'}]^+$

Identificateurs

ident défini par $([\text{'a'-'z' A'-'Z'}])([\text{'a'-'z' A'-'Z' 0'-'9'}])^*$
dont on exclut les mots clef.

Remarque : les symboles d'opérateurs primitifs

not and or eq lt add sub mul div alloc len nth

sont des identificateurs.

Grammaire

Programme

PROG ::= BLOCK

Bloc

BLOCK ::= [CMDS]

Suite de commandes

CMDS ::= STAT
| DEF ; CMDS
| STAT ; CMDS

Définition

DEF ::= CONST ident TYPE EXPR
| FUN ident TYPE [ARGS] EXPR
| FUN REC ident TYPE [ARGS] EXPR
| VAR ident STYPE
| PROC ident [ARGSP] BLOCK
| PROC REC ident [ARGSP] BLOCK

Type

TYPE ::= STYPE
| (TYPES -> TYPE)
TYPES ::= TYPE
| TYPE * TYPES

SType

STYPE ::= bool | int
| (vec STYPE)

Paramètre formel (fonctions)

ARGS ::= ARG
| ARG , ARGS
ARG ::= ident : TYPE

Paramètre formel (procédures)

ARGSP ::= :
| ARGP , ARGSP
ARGP ::= ident : TYPE
| var ident : TYPE

Instruction

STAT ::= ECHO EXPR
| SET LVALUE EXPR
| IF EXPR BLOCK BLOCK
| WHILE EXPR BLOCK
| CALL ident EXPRSP

lvalue

LVALUE ::= ident
 | (nth LVALUE EXPR)

Paramètres d'appel

EXPRSP ::= EXPRP
 | EXPRP EXPRSP
EXPRP ::= EXPR
 | (adr ident)

Expression

EXPR ::= num
 | ident
 | (if EXPR EXPR EXPR)
 | (EXPR EXPRS)
 | [ARGS] EXPR

Suite d'expressions

EXPRS ::= EXPR
 | EXPR EXPRS

4.2 Typage

Soit $p_1, \dots, p_n \in \text{EXPRP}$.

Posons $A([p_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n]) = [x_1 : t'_1, \dots, x_n : t'_n]$ avec

$$t'_i = \begin{cases} t_i & \text{si } p_i = x_i \\ (\text{ref } t_i) & \text{si } p_i = \text{var } x_i \end{cases}$$

Programmes

(PROG) si $\Gamma_0 \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk : \text{void}$
alors $\vdash bk : \text{void}$

Blocs

(BLOC) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} (cs; \varepsilon) : \text{void}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} [cs] : \text{void}$

Suite de commandes

(DECS) si $d \in \text{DEC}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} d : \Gamma'$, si $\Gamma' \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} cs : \text{void}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} (d; cs) : \text{void}$.

(STATS) si $s \in \text{STAT}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s : \text{void}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} cs : \text{void}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} (s; cs) : \text{void}$.

(END) $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} \varepsilon : \text{void}$.

Définitions

(CONST) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{CONST } x t e) : \Gamma[x : t]$

(FUN) si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n] \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN } x t [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] e) : \Gamma[x : (t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t)]$

(FUNREC) si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n; x : t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t] \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN REC } x t [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] e) : \Gamma[x : t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t]$

(VAR) si $t \in \{\mathbf{int}, \mathbf{bool}\}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\mathbf{VAR } x \ t) : \Gamma[x : (\mathbf{ref } t)]$

(PROC) si $A([p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n]) = [x_1 : t'_1, \dots, x_n : t'_n]$
si $\Gamma[x_1 : t'_1; \dots; x_n : t'_n] \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk : \mathbf{void}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\mathbf{PROC } x \ [p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n] \ bk) : \Gamma[x : t'_1 * \dots * t'_n \rightarrow \mathbf{void}]$

(PROCREC)
si $A([p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n]) = [x_1 : t'_1, \dots, x_n : t'_n]$
si $\Gamma[x_1 : t'_1; \dots; x_n : t'_n; x : t'_1 * \dots * t'_n \rightarrow \mathbf{void}] \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk : \mathbf{void}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\mathbf{PROC REC } x \ [p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n] \ bk) : \Gamma[x : t'_1 * \dots * t'_n \rightarrow \mathbf{void}]$

Instructions

(ECHO) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : \mathbf{int}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\mathbf{ECHO } e) : \mathbf{void}$

(SET) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} e_1 : t$ et si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 : t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\mathbf{SET } e_1 \ e_2) : \mathbf{void}$

(IF) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : \mathbf{bool}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_1 : \mathbf{void}$ et si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_2 : \mathbf{void}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\mathbf{IF } e \ bk_1 \ bk_2) : \mathbf{void}$

(WHILE) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : \mathbf{bool}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk : \mathbf{void}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\mathbf{WHILE } e \ bk) : \mathbf{void}$

(CALL) si $\Gamma(x) = t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow \mathbf{void}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : t_1, \dots$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n : t_n$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\mathbf{CALL } x \ e_1 \dots e_n) : \mathbf{void}$

lvalue

(LVAR) si $\Gamma(x) = (\mathbf{ref } t)$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} x : t$

(LNTH) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : (\mathbf{vec } t)$ et $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 : \mathbf{int}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} (\mathbf{nth } e_1 \ e_2) : t$

Expressions

(NUM) si $n \in \mathbf{num}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} n : \mathbf{int}$

(IDV) si $x \in \mathbf{ident}$, si $\Gamma(x) = t$ avec $t \neq (\mathbf{ref } t')$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} x : t$

(IDR) si $x \in \mathbf{ident}$, si $\Gamma(x) = (\mathbf{ref } t)$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} x : t$

(IF) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : \mathbf{bool}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 : t$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_3 : t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{if } e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3) : t$

(APP) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : (t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t)$,
si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : t_1, \dots$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n : t_n$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (e \ e_1 \dots e_n) : t$

(ABS) si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n] \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] e : (t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t)$

(ALLOC) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : \mathbf{int}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{alloc } e) : (\mathbf{vec } t)$

- (LEN) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : (\text{vec } t)$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{len } e) : \text{int}$
- (NTH) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : (\text{vec } t)$ et si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 : \text{int}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{nth } e_1 e_2) : t$

4.3 Sémantique

Programmes

- (PROG) si $\varepsilon, \varepsilon, \varepsilon \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow \omega$
alors $\vdash bk \rightsquigarrow (\sigma, \omega)$

Blocs

- BLOCK si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (cs; \varepsilon) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} [cs] \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$.

Suites de commandes

- (DECS) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} d \rightsquigarrow (\rho', \sigma')$
et si $\rho', \sigma', \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (d; cs) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega')$
- (STATS) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
et si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega'')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (s; cs) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega'')$
- (END) $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} \varepsilon \rightsquigarrow (\sigma, \omega)$

Définitions

Soit $p_1, \dots, p_n \in \text{ARGSP}$.

Posons $X([p_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n]) = [x_1, \dots, x_n]$ avec

$$x_i = \begin{cases} x_i & \text{si } p_i = x_i \\ x_i & \text{si } p_i = \text{var } x_i \end{cases}$$

- (CONST) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma')$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{CONST } x t e) \rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = v], \sigma')$
- (FUN) $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN } x t [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] e) \rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \text{inF}(e, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n]), \sigma])$
- (FUNREC) $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN REC } x t [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] e)$
 $\rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \text{inFR}(\lambda f. \text{inF}(e, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n][x = f]), \sigma)])$
- (VAR) si $\text{alloc}(\sigma) = (a, \sigma')$, avec $\sigma' = \sigma[a = \text{any}]$ et $a \notin \text{dom}(\sigma)$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{VAR } x t) \rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \text{inA}(a)], \sigma')$
- (PROC) si $X([p_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n]) = [x_1, \dots, x_n]$,
 $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{PROC } x t [p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n] bk)$
 $\rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \text{inP}(bk, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n]), \sigma])$
- (PROCREC) si $X([p_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n]) = [x_1, \dots, x_n]$,
 $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{PROC REC } x t [p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n] bk)$
 $\rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \text{inPR}(\lambda f. \text{inP}(bk, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n][x = f]), \sigma)])$

Instructions

- (SET) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow a$ et si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{SET } e_1 \ e_2) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'[a := v], \omega)$
- (IF1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(1), \sigma')$ et si $\rho, \sigma', \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_1 \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{IF } e \ bk_1 \ bk_2) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega')$
- (IF0) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(0), \sigma')$ et si $\rho, \sigma', \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_2 \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{IF } e \ bk_1 \ bk_2) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega')$
- (LOOP0) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(0), \sigma')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{WHILE } e \ bk) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega)$
- (LOOP1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(1), \sigma')$, si $\rho, \sigma', \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'', \omega')$ et si $\rho, \sigma'', \omega' \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{WHILE } e \ bk) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma''', \omega'')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{WHILE } e \ bk) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma''', \omega'')$
- (CALL) si $\rho(x) = \text{inP}(bk, r)$, si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (v_1, \sigma_1), \dots$, si $\rho, \sigma_{n-1} \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow (v_n, \sigma_n)$
si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et $\rho', \sigma_n, \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash (\text{CALL } x \ e_1 \dots e_n) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
- (CALLR) si $\rho(x) = \text{inPR}(\varphi)$, si $\varphi(\text{inPR}(\varphi)) = \text{inP}(bk, r)$,
si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (v_1, \sigma_1), \dots$, si $\rho, \sigma_{n-1} \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow (v_n, \sigma_n)$
et si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et $\rho', \sigma_n, \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash (\text{CALL } x \ e_1 \dots e_n) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', \omega')$
- (ECHO) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(n), \sigma')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{ECHO } e) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma', n \cdot \omega)$

lvalue

- (LID0) si $x \in \text{ident}$, si $\rho(x) = \text{inA}(a)$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} x \rightsquigarrow a$
- (LID1) si $x \in \text{ident}$, si $\rho(x) = \text{inB}(a)$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} x \rightsquigarrow a + 1$
- (LNTH1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow a$, si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(i), \sigma')$ et si $\sigma'(a + i) = \text{InZ}(n)$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} (\text{nth } e_1 \ e_2) \rightsquigarrow (a + i)$
- (LNTH2) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow a$, si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(i), \sigma')$ et si $\sigma'(a + i) = \text{InB}(a')$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} (\text{nth } e_1 \ e_2) \rightsquigarrow (a' + 1)$

Paramètres d'appel

- (REF) si $\rho(x) = \text{inA}(a)$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} (\text{adr } x) \rightsquigarrow (\text{inA}(a), \sigma)$
- (VAL) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma')$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma')$

Expressions

- (TRUE) $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} \text{true} \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(1), \sigma)$
- (FALSE) $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} \text{false} \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(0), \sigma)$
- (NUM) si $n \in \text{num}$ alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} n \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(v(n)), \sigma)$
- (ID1) si $x \in \text{ident}$ et $\rho(x) = \text{inA}(a)$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} x \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(\sigma(a)), \sigma)$

- (ID2) si $x \in \text{ident}$ et si $\rho(x) = v$ et $v \neq \text{in}A(a)$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma)$
- (PRIM1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow \text{in}Z(n)$, et si $\pi_1(\text{not})(n) = n'$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{not } e) \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(n'), \sigma')$
- (PRIM2) si $x \in \{\text{eq lt add sub mul div}\}$,
si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(n_1), \sigma')$, si $\rho, \sigma' \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(n_2); \sigma'')$ et si $\pi_2(x)(n_1, n_2) = n$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (x e_1 e_2) \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(n), \sigma'')$
- (AND0) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(0), \sigma')$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{and } e_1 e_2) \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(0), \sigma')$.
- (AND1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(1), \sigma')$ et si $\rho, \sigma' \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'')$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{and } e_1 e_2) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'')$.
- (OR1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(1), \sigma')$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{or } e_1 e_2) \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(1), \sigma')$.
- (OR0) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(0), \sigma')$ et si $\rho, \sigma' \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'')$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{or } e_1 e_2) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'')$.
- (IF1) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(1), \sigma')$ et si $\rho, \sigma' \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'')$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{if } e_1 e_2 e_3) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'')$
- (IF0) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(0), \sigma')$ et si $\rho, \sigma' \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_3 \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'')$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{if } e_1 e_2 e_3) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'')$
- (ABS) $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} [x_1:t_1, \dots, x_n:t_n]e \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}F(e, \lambda v_1, \dots, v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n]), \sigma)$
- (APP) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow \text{in}F(e', r)$, si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (v_1, \sigma_1), \dots$, si $\rho, \sigma_{n-1} \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow (v_n, \sigma_n)$,
si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et si $\rho', \sigma_n \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e' \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma')$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash (e e_1 \dots e_n) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma')$
- (APPR) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow \text{in}FR(\varphi)$, si $\varphi(\text{in}FR(\varphi)) = \text{in}F(e', r)$,
si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (v_1, \sigma_1), \dots$, si $\rho, \sigma_{n-1} \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow (v_n, \sigma_n)$,
si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et si $\rho', \sigma_n \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e' \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma')$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (e e_1 \dots e_n) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma')$
- (ALLOC) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(n), \sigma')$, avec $n > 0$, et si $\text{allocb}(\sigma', n) = (a, \sigma'')$, avec $\sigma'' = \sigma'[a = \text{in}Z(n)]$,
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{alloc } e) \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}B(a), \sigma'')$
- (LEN) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}B(a), \sigma')$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{len } e) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'(a), \sigma')$
- (NTH) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}B(a), \sigma')$ et si $\rho, \sigma' \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(i), \sigma'')$
alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{nth } e_1 e_2) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma''(a + i + 1), \sigma'')$

5 APS3

5.1 Syntaxe

Lexique

Symboles réservés

[] () ; : , * ->

Mots clef

CONST FUN REC VAR PROC ECHO SET IF WHILE CALL
RETURN
if
bool int vec
var adr

Constantes numériques

num défini par $(\text{'?'}[0\text{'-'}9\text{'}]^+)$

Identificateurs

ident défini par $([a\text{'-'}z\text{'A'}\text{'-'}Z\text{'}]([a\text{'-'}z\text{'A'}\text{'-'}Z\text{'}0\text{'-'}9\text{'}]^*))^*$
dont on exclut les mots clef.

Remarque : les symboles d'opérateurs primitifs

not and or eq lt add sub mul div alloc len nth

sont des identificateurs.

Grammaire

Programme

PROG ::= BLOCK

Bloc

BLOCK ::= [CMDS]

Suite de commandes

CMDS ::= STAT
| RETURN EXPR
| DEF ; CMDS
| STAT ; CMDS

Définition

DEF ::= CONST ident TYPE EXPR
| FUN ident TYPE [ARGS] EXPR
| FUN REC ident TYPE [ARGS] EXPR
| VAR ident STYPE
| PROC ident [ARGSP] BLOCK
| PROC REC ident [ARGSP] BLOCK
| FUN ident TYPE [ARGSP] BLOC
| FUN REC ident TYPE [ARGSP] BLOC

Type

TYPE ::= STYPE
| (TYPES -> TYPE)
TYPES ::= TYPE
| TYPE * TYPES

SType

STYPE ::= bool | int
| (vec STYPE)

Paramètre formel (fonctions pures)

ARGS ::= ARG
| ARG , ARGS
ARG ::= ident : TYPE

Paramètre formel (procédure et fonctions procédurales)

ARGSP ::= :
| ARGP
| ARGP , ARGSP
ARGP ::= ident : TYPE
| var ident : TYPE

Instruction

STAT ::= ECHO EXPR
 | SET LVALUE EXPR
 | IF EXPR BLOCK BLOCK
 | WHILE EXPR BLOCK
 | CALL ident EXPRSP

lvalue

LVALUE ::= ident
 | (nth LVALUE EXPR)

Paramètres d'appel

EXPRSP ::= EXPRP
 | EXPRP EXPRSP
 EXPRP ::= EXPR
 | (adr LVALUE)

Expression

EXPR ::= num
 | ident
 | (if EXPR EXPR EXPR)
 | (EXPR EXPRSP)
 | [ARGS] EXPR

Suite d'expressions

EXPRS ::= EXPR
 | EXPR EXPRS

5.2 Typage

Soit $p_1, \dots, p_n \in \text{EXPRP}$.

Posons $A([p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n]) = [x_1 : t'_1, \dots, x_n : t'_n]$ avec

$$t'_i = \begin{cases} t_i & \text{si } p_i = x_i \\ (\text{ref } t_i) & \text{si } p_i = \text{var } x_i \end{cases}$$

Programmes

(PROG) si $\Gamma_0 \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk : \text{void}$
 alors $\vdash bk : \text{void}$

Blocs

(BLOC) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} (cs; \varepsilon) : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} [cs] : t$

Suite de commandes

(DECS) si $d \in \text{DEC}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} d : \Gamma'$, si $\Gamma' \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} cs : \text{void}$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} (d; cs) : \text{void}$.

(STATS0) si $s \in \text{STAT}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s : \text{void}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} cs : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} (s; cs) : t$.

(STATS1) si $t \neq \text{void}$, si $s \in \text{STAT}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s : t + \text{void}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} cs : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} (s; cs) : t$.

(STATS2) si $t \neq \text{void}$, si $s \in \text{STAT}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDs}} (s; \varepsilon) : t$.

(RET) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$ alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (\text{RETURN } e; \varepsilon) : t$
 (END) $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} \varepsilon : \text{void}$.

Définitions

(CONST) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{CONST } x \ t \ e) : \Gamma[x : t]$
 (FUN) si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n] \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN } x \ t \ [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] \ e) : \Gamma[x : (t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t)]$
 (FUNREC) si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n; x : t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t] \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN REC } x \ t \ [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] \ e) : \Gamma[x : t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t]$
 (VAR) si $t \in \{\text{int}, \text{bool}\}$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{VAR } x \ t) : \Gamma[x : (\text{ref } t)]$
 (PROC) si $A([p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n]) = [x_1 : t'_1, \dots, x_n : t'_n]$
 si $\Gamma[x_1 : t'_1; \dots; x_n : t'_n] \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk : \text{void}$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{PROC } x \ [p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n] \ bk) : \Gamma[x : t'_1 * \dots * t'_n \rightarrow \text{void}]$
 (PROCREC)
 si $A([p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n]) = [x_1 : t'_1, \dots, x_n : t'_n]$
 si $\Gamma[x_1 : t'_1; \dots; x_n : t'_n; x : t'_1 * \dots * t'_n \rightarrow \text{void}] \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk : \text{void}$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{PROC REC } x \ [p_1 : t_1, \dots, p_n : t_n] \ bk) : \Gamma[x : t'_1 * \dots * t'_n \rightarrow \text{void}]$
 (FUNP) si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n] \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN } x \ t \ [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] \ bk) : \Gamma[x : (t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t)]$
 (FUNRECP) si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n; x : t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t] \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN REC } x \ t \ [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] \ bk) : \Gamma[x : t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t]$

Instructions

(ECHO) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : \text{int}$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{ECHO } e) : \text{void}$
 (SET) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} x : t$ et si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{SET } x \ e) : \text{void}$
 (IF0) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : \text{bool}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_1 : t$ et si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_2 : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{IF } e \ bk_1 \ bk_2) : t$
 (IF1) si $t \neq \text{void}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : \text{bool}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_1 : \text{void}$ et si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_2 : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{IF } e \ bk_1 \ bk_2) : t + \text{void}$
 (IF2) si $t \neq \text{void}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : \text{bool}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_1 : t$ et si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_2 : \text{void}$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{IF } e \ bk_1 \ bk_2) : t + \text{void}$
 (WHILE) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : \text{bool}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk : t$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{WHILE } e \ bk) : t + \text{void}$
 (CALL) si $\Gamma(x) = t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow \text{void}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : t_1, \dots$ et si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n : t_n$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{CALL } x \ e_1 \dots e_n) : \text{void}$

lvalue

(LVAR) si $\Gamma(x) = (\text{ref } t)$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} x : t$
 (LNTH) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : (\text{vec } t)$ et $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 : \text{int}$
 alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} (\text{nth } e_1 \ e_2) : t$

Expressions

- (NUM) si $n \in \mathbf{num}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} n : \mathbf{int}$
- (IDV) si $x \in \mathbf{ident}$, si $\Gamma(x) = t$ avec $t \neq (\mathbf{ref} \ t')$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} x : t$
- (IDR) si $x \in \mathbf{ident}$,
si $\Gamma(x) = (\mathbf{ref} \ t)$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} x : t$
- (IF) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : \mathbf{bool}$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 : t$, si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_3 : t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{if} \ e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3) : t$
- (APP) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : (t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t)$,
si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : t_1, \dots, \Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n : t_n$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (e \ e_1 \dots e_n) : t$
- (ABS) si $\Gamma[x_1 : t_1; \dots; x_n : t_n] \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n]e : (t_1 * \dots * t_n \rightarrow t)$
- (ALLOC) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : \mathbf{int}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{alloc} \ e) : (\mathbf{vec} \ t)$
- (LEN) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e : \mathbf{vec} \ t$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{len} \ e) : \mathbf{int}$
- (NTH) si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 : \mathbf{vec} \ t$ et si $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 : \mathbf{int}$
alors $\Gamma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\mathbf{nth} \ e_1 \ e_2) : t$

5.3 Sémantique

Programmes

$$\vdash p \rightsquigarrow (\sigma, \omega)$$

- (PROG) si $\varepsilon, \varepsilon, \varepsilon \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow (\varepsilon, \sigma, \omega)$
alors $\vdash bk \rightsquigarrow (\sigma, \omega)$

Blocs

$$\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$$

- (BLOCK) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (cs; \varepsilon) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} [cs] \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$.

Suites de commandes

$$\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$$

- (DECS) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{DEC}} d \rightsquigarrow (\rho', \sigma', \omega')$ et si $\rho', \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$
alors $\rho, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (d; cs) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$
- (STATS0) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s \rightsquigarrow (\varepsilon, \sigma', \omega')$ et si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} cs \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (s; cs) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$
- (STATS1) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$ avec $v \neq \varepsilon$ alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (s; cs) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$
- (END0) $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} \varepsilon \rightsquigarrow (\varepsilon, \sigma, \omega)$
- (END1) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$ alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{CMDS}} (\mathbf{RETURN} \ e; \varepsilon) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$

Définitions

$$\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{DEC}} d \rightsquigarrow (\rho', \sigma', \omega')$$

- (CONST) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$ alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{CONST } x \ t \ e) \rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = v], \sigma', \omega')$
- (FUN) $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN } x \ t \ [x_1:t_1, \dots, x_n:t_n] \ e)$
 $\rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \text{inF}(e, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n])], \sigma, \omega)$
- (FUNREC) $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN REC } x \ t \ [x_1:t_1, \dots, x_n:t_n] \ e)$
 $\rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \text{inFR}(\lambda f. \text{inF}(e, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n])[x = f])], \sigma, \omega)$
- (VAR) si $\text{alloc}(\sigma) = (a, \sigma')$, avec $\sigma' = \sigma[a = \text{any}]$ et $a \notin \text{dom}(\sigma)$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{VAR } x \ t) \rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \text{inA}(a)], \sigma', \omega)$
- (PROC) $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{PROC } x \ t \ [p_1:t_1, \dots, p_n:t_n] \ bk)$
 $\rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \text{inP}(bk, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n])], \sigma, \omega)$
- (PROCREC) $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{PROC REC } x \ t \ [x_1:t_1, \dots, x_n:t_n] \ bk)$
 $\rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \text{inPR}(\lambda f. \text{inP}(bk, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n])[x = f])], \sigma, \omega)$
- (FUNP) $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN } x \ t \ [p_1:t_1, \dots, p_n:t_n] \ bk)$
 $\rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \text{inP}(bk, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n])], \sigma, \omega)$
- (FUNRECP) $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{DEC}} (\text{FUN REC } x \ t \ [x_1:t_1, \dots, x_n:t_n] \ bk)$
 $\rightsquigarrow (\rho[x = \text{inPR}(\lambda f. \text{inP}(bk, \lambda v_1 \dots v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n])[x = f])], \sigma, \omega)$

Instructions

$$\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} s \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$$

- (SET) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$ et si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (a, \sigma'', \omega'')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{SET } e_1 \ e_2) \rightsquigarrow (\varepsilon, \sigma''[a := v], \omega'')$
- (IF1) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(1), \sigma', \omega')$ et si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_1 \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{IF } e \ bk_1 \ bk_2) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$
- (IF0) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(0), \sigma', \omega')$ et si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk_2 \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{IF } e \ bk_1 \ bk_2) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$
- (LOOP0) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(0), \sigma', \omega')$ alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{WHILE } e \ bk) \rightsquigarrow (\varepsilon, \sigma', \omega')$
- (LOOP1A) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(1), \sigma', \omega')$, si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow (\varepsilon, \sigma'', \omega'')$
et si $\rho, \sigma'', \omega'' \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{WHILE } e \ bk) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma''', \omega''')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{WHILE } e \ bk) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma''', \omega''')$
- (LOOP1B) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(1), \sigma', \omega')$, si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$ avec $v \neq \varepsilon$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{WHILE } e \ bk) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$
- (CALL) si $\rho(x) = \text{inP}(bk, r)$,
si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (v_1, \sigma_1, \omega_1), \dots$, si $\rho, \sigma_{n-1}, \omega_{n-1} \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow (v_n, \sigma_n, \omega_n)$
si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et $\rho', \sigma_n, \omega_n \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow (\varepsilon, \sigma', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash (\text{CALL } x \ e_1 \dots e_n) \rightsquigarrow (\varepsilon, \sigma', \omega')$
- (CALLR) si $\rho(x) = \text{inPR}(\varphi)$ et $\varphi(\text{inPR}(\varphi)) = \text{inP}(bk, r)$,
si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (v_1, \sigma_1, \omega_1), \dots$, si $\rho, \sigma_{n-1}, \omega_{n-1} \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow (v_n, \sigma_n, \omega_n)$
et si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et $\rho', \sigma_n, \omega_n \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow (\varepsilon, \sigma', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash (\text{CALL } x \ e_1 \dots e_n) \rightsquigarrow (\varepsilon, \sigma', \omega')$
- (ECHO) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(n), \sigma', \omega')$ alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{STAT}} (\text{ECHO } e) \rightsquigarrow (\varepsilon, \sigma', n \cdot \omega')$

lvalue

$$\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} e \rightsquigarrow (a, \sigma', \omega')$$

(LID0) si $x \in \text{ident}$, si $\rho(x) = \text{in}A(a)$ alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} x \rightsquigarrow (a, \sigma, \omega)$

(LID1) si $x \in \text{ident}$, si $\rho(x) = \text{in}B(a)$ alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} x \rightsquigarrow (a + 1, \sigma, \omega)$

(LNTH1) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (a, \sigma', \omega')$, si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(i), \sigma'', \omega'')$ et si $\sigma''(a + i) = \text{In}Z(n)$ alors $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} (\text{nth } e_1 e_2) \rightsquigarrow (a + i, \sigma'', \omega'')$

(LNTH2) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (a, \sigma', \omega')$, si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(i), \sigma'', \omega'')$ et si $\sigma''(a + i) = \text{In}B(a')$ alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{LVAL}} (\text{nth } e_1 e_2) \rightsquigarrow (a' + 1, \sigma'', \omega'')$

Paramètres d'appel

$$\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} p \rightsquigarrow (u, \sigma', \omega')$$

(REF) si $\rho(x) = \text{in}A(a)$ alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} (\text{adr } x) \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}A(a), \sigma, \omega)$

(VAL) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$ alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$

Expressions

$$\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$$

(TRUE) $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} \text{true} \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(1), \sigma, \omega)$

(FALSE) $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} \text{false} \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(0), \sigma, \omega)$

(NUM) si $n \in \text{num}$ alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} n \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(\nu(n)), \sigma, \omega)$

(ID1) si $x \in \text{ident}$ et $\rho(x) = \text{in}A(a)$ alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} x \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(\sigma(a)), \sigma, \omega)$

(ID2) si $x \in \text{ident}$ et si $\rho(x) = v$ et $v \neq \text{in}A(a)$ alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma, \omega)$

(PRIM1) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(n), \sigma', \omega')$, et si $\pi_1(\text{not})(n) = n'$ alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{not } e) \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(n'), \sigma', \omega')$

(PRIM2) si $x \in \{\text{eq lt add sub mul div}\}$,
si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(n_1), \sigma', \omega')$, si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(n_2), \sigma'', \omega'')$ et si $\pi_2(x)(n_1, n_2) = n$ alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (x e_1 e_2) \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(n), \sigma'', \omega'')$

(AND0) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(0), \sigma', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{and } e_1 e_2) \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(0), \sigma', \omega')$.

(AND1) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(1), \sigma', \omega')$ et si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{and } e_1 e_2) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$.

(OR1) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(1), \sigma', \omega')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{or } e_1 e_2) \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(1), \sigma', \omega')$.

(OR0) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(0), \sigma', \omega')$ et si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{or } e_1 e_2) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$.

(IF1) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(1), \sigma', \omega')$ et si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{if } e_1 e_2 e_3) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$

(IF0) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}Z(0), \sigma', \omega')$ et si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_3 \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$
alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{if } e_1 e_2 e_3) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma'', \omega'')$

(ABS) $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} [x_1 : t_1, \dots, x_n : t_n] e \rightsquigarrow (\text{in}F(e, \lambda v_1, \dots, v_n. \rho[x_1 = v_1; \dots; x_n = v_n]), \sigma, \omega)$

- (APP) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (\text{inF}(e', r), \sigma_0, \omega_0)$,
 si $\rho, \sigma_0, \omega_0 \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (v_1, \sigma_1, \omega_1), \dots$, si $\rho, \sigma_{n-1}, \omega_{n-1} \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow (v_n, \sigma_n, \omega_n)$,
 si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et si $\rho', \sigma_n, \omega_n \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e' \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$
 alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash (e \ e_1 \dots e_n) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$
- (APPR) si $\rho, \sigma \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (\text{inFR}(\varphi), \sigma_0, \omega_0)$, si $\varphi(\text{inFR}(\varphi)) = \text{inF}(e', r)$,
 si $\rho, \sigma_0, \omega_0 \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (v_1, \sigma_1, \omega_1), \dots$, si $\rho, \sigma_{n-1}, \omega_{n-1} \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow (v_n, \sigma_n, \omega_n)$,
 si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et si $\rho', \sigma_n, \omega_n \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e' \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$
 alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (e \ e_1 \dots e_n) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$
- (ALLOC) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(n), \sigma', \omega')$, avec $n > 0$,
 et si $\text{allocb}(\sigma', n) = (a, \sigma'')$, avec $\sigma'' = \sigma'[a = \text{inZ}(n)]$,
 alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{alloc } e) \rightsquigarrow (\text{inB}(a), \sigma'', \omega')$
- (LEN) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e \rightsquigarrow (\text{inB}(a), \sigma', \omega')$
 alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{len } e) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma'(a), \sigma', \omega')$
- (NTH) si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (\text{inB}(a), \sigma', \omega')$ et si $\rho, \sigma', \omega' \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} e_2 \rightsquigarrow (\text{inZ}(i), \sigma'', \omega'')$
 alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPR}} (\text{nth } e_1 \ e_2) \rightsquigarrow (\sigma''(a + i + 1), \sigma'', \omega'')$
- (AFP) si $x \in \text{ident}$ et $\rho(x) = \text{inP}(bk, r)$,
 si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (v_1, \sigma_1, \omega_1), \dots$, si $\rho, \sigma_{n-1}, \omega_{n-1} \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow (v_n, \sigma_n, \omega_n)$
 si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et $\rho', \sigma_n, \omega_n \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$
 alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash (x \ e_1 \dots e_n) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$
- (AFPR) si $x \in \text{ident}$ et $\rho(x) = \text{inPR}(\varphi)$ et $\varphi(\text{inPR}(\varphi)) = \text{inP}(bk, r)$,
 si $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e_1 \rightsquigarrow (v_1, \sigma_1, \omega_1), \dots$, si $\rho, \sigma_{n-1}, \omega_{n-1} \vdash_{\text{EXPAR}} e_n \rightsquigarrow (v_n, \sigma_n, \omega_n)$
 et si $\rho' = r(v_1, \dots, v_n)$ et $\rho', \sigma_n, \omega_n \vdash_{\text{BLOCK}} bk \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$
 alors $\rho, \sigma, \omega \vdash (x \ e_1 \dots e_n) \rightsquigarrow (v, \sigma', \omega')$